AB Calculus '22-23
Dx Apps II Form G
Calculator allowed

Name $\qquad$
Score $\qquad$

1. For $t \geq 0$, the position of a particle is given by $x(t)=\sin t+\cos t$ What is the acceleration of the particle at the point where the velocity is first equal to 0 ?
a) $-\sqrt{2}$
b) -1
c) 0
d) 1
e) $\sqrt{2}$
2. An object moves along the $y$-axis with coordinate position $y(t)$ and velocity $v(t)=-1.5+\frac{4.1 t}{\sqrt{t^{2}+1}}-3.4 \sin (0.3 t)$ for $0 \leq t \leq 10$. At time $t=1$, the object is
a) moving downward with negative acceleration.
b) moving upward with negative acceleration.
c) moving downward with positive acceleration.
d) moving upward with positive acceleration.
e) at rest.
3. A certain special rectangle has the ratio of the length to the long side to the short approximately equal to 1.236 . If this rectangle changes such that its short side is growing at $2 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{min}$, how fast is the area changing when the short side is 5 inches?
a) $\quad 6.18 \mathrm{in}^{2} / \mathrm{min}$
b) $\quad 12.36 \mathrm{in}^{2} / \mathrm{min}$
c) $\quad 3.09 \mathrm{in}^{2} / \mathrm{min}$
d) $\quad 2.472 \mathrm{in}^{2} / \mathrm{min}$
4. Let $v(t)$ be the velocity, in feet per second, of a skydiver at time $t$ seconds, $t \geq 0$. After her parachute opens, her velocity satisfies the differential equation $\frac{d v}{d t}=10-5 v$ with $v(0)=50$. Which of the following must be true?
a) $\quad v=10-e^{5 t+c}$
b) $\quad-\frac{1}{5} \ln |10-5 v|=t+c$
c) $\quad \ln |10-v|=-5 t+c$
d) $\quad v=10-k e^{-5 t}$
e) None are true.
5. A particle travels along a straight line with a velocity of $v(t)=2 e^{-t^{2}}-\cos (3 t)$ meters per second. What is the total displacement, in meters, traveled by the particle during the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 3$ seconds?
a) 1.235
b) $\quad 1.437$
c) 1.635
d) 2.884
6. A rocket rises vertically from a point on the ground 25,000 feet from a radar station. If the rocket is rising at a rate of $39000 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{min}$ at the instant when it is 60,000 feet high, what is the rate of change, in radians $/ \mathrm{min}$, of the rocket's angle of elevation from the radar station at that instant?
a) $\frac{1}{13}$
b) $\frac{3}{13}$
c) $\frac{39}{144}$
d) $\frac{25}{144}$
e) $\frac{144}{169}$
7. According to the Ebbinghaus model, the rate at which a student forgets material is proportional to the difference between the amount $y$ (material which is currently forgotten) and the total amount of material learned. Based on this, which of the following might be the graph of the model?
a)

c)

b)

d)

8. Given the functions $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ that are both continuous and differentiable, and that they have values given on the table below.

| $x$ | $f^{\prime}(x)$ | $f^{\prime \prime}(x)$ | $g^{\prime}(x)$ | $g^{\prime \prime}(x)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 0 | 2 | -8 | 0 |
| 4 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 8 | 0 | -12 | 0 | 4 |

Which of the following statements is true?
a) $\quad f(x)$ has a relative maximum at $x=8$
b) $\quad g(x)$ has a relative minimum at $x=2$
c) $\quad f(x)$ has a relative minimum at $x=4$
d) $\quad g(x)$ has a point of inflection at $x=4$
9. Let $y=f(x)$ be a twice-differentiable function such that $f(-1)=-2$ and $\frac{d y}{d x}=x y^{2}$. What is $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}$ at $x=-1$ ?
a) - 12
b) -7
c) 0
d) 12
e) 20

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Directions: Do problem \#1 and EITHER \#2 OR \#3


1. A pickup truck is traveling along a straight country road with a velocity of $50 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{sec}$ at time $t=0$ second. For $0 \leq t \leq 20$ seconds, the truck's acceleration $a(t)$, in $\mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$, is given by the piecewise linear function defined by the graph above.
a) Is the velocity increasing at $t=2$ seconds? Why or why not?
b) On what time in the interval $0 \leq t \leq 20$, other than at $t=0$, is the velocity of the truck $50 \mathrm{ft} / \mathrm{sec}$ ? Why?
c) Find the truck's absolute maximum velocity on $0 \leq t \leq 20$. Justify your answer.
d) On the time in the interval $0 \leq t \leq 20$, if any, is the truck's. velocity equal to zero? Justify your answer.
2. According to a simple physiological model, an athletic adult needs 20 calories per day per pound of body weight to maintain his weight. If he consumes more or fewer calories than those required to maintain his weight, his weight $W$ changes at a rate proportional to the difference between the number of calories consumed and the number needed to maintain his current weight. Let $\frac{d W}{d t}=\frac{1}{3500}(3600-20 W)$, where $W$ is the person's weight at time $t$ (measured in days).
a) What is the limit to this person's weight $W(t)$ ?
b) Assume that the 3600 in the equation is the person's daily caloric intake. If that is reduced to 3000 , what would be the limit to this person's weight?
c) Find the particular solution to $\frac{d W}{d t}=\frac{1}{3500}(3600-20 W)$ if the person weights 150 pounds when $t=0$.
d) Use your solution in c) to determine how long it would take this person's weight to reach 170 pounds. [Show the set up, but solve by graphing.]
3. Consider the curve given by $2 x^{2}-4 x y+5 y^{2}=27$.
a) Show that $\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{2 x-2 y}{2 x-5 y}$.
b) Find point(s) $P$ where the tangent line is horizontal.
c) Find $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}$.
d) Determine if each value found in $b$ ) is at a maximum, a minimum, or neither. Justify your answer.
