

PreCalculus Acc '17-18
 Dr. Quattrin
 Radical Test
 CALCULATOR ALLOWED
 Round to 3 decimal places.
 Show all work.

Name: SOLUTION KEY

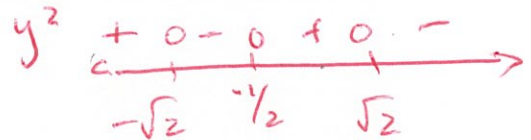
Score _____

1. Find the zeros, domain, and End Behavior $y = \sqrt{-2x^3 - x^2 + 4x + 2}$.

$$\cancel{-x^2} - x^2(2x+1) + 2(2x+1)$$

zeros $(\pm\sqrt{2}, 0)$ $(-\frac{1}{2}, 0)$

domain $x \in (-\infty, -\sqrt{2}] \cup [-\frac{1}{2}, \sqrt{2}]$



Left End Behavior UP

Right End Behavior NONE

2. Extreme points of $y = \sqrt{-2x^3 - x^2 + 4x + 2}$.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2} (-2x^3 - x^2 + 4x + 2)^{-1/2} (-6x^2 - 2x + 4)$$

$$= \frac{-3x^2 - x + 2}{(-2x^3 - x^2 + 4x + 2)^{1/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{i) } -3x^2 - x + 2 &= 0 \\ &= (3x-2)(x+1) = 0 \\ x &= \frac{2}{3}, -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ii) } \frac{dy}{dx} \text{ DNE} \rightarrow x = \pm\sqrt{2}, -\frac{1}{2}$$

iii) NO RESTRICTION

$(\pm\sqrt{2}, 0)$

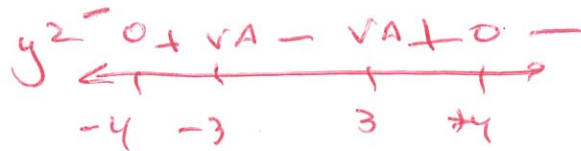
$(\frac{2}{3}, 0)$

$(-\frac{1}{2}, 1.905)$

3. Find the zeros, domain, and End Behavior $y = -\sqrt{\frac{x^2-16}{9-x^2}}$.

zeros $(\pm 4, 0)$

domain $x \in [-4, -3) \cup (3, 4]$



VAs $x = \pm 3$

Left End Behavior NONE

Right End Behavior NONE

4. Extreme points of $y = -\sqrt{\frac{x^2-16}{9-x^2}}$.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x^2-16}{9-x^2} \right)^{-1/2} \left[\frac{(9-x^2)(2x) - (x^2-16)(-2x)}{(9-x^2)^2} \right] \\ &= \frac{-(9-x^2)^{1/2} (18x - 2x^3 + 2x^3 - 32x)}{2(x^2-16)^{1/2} (9-x^2)^2} \\ &= \frac{+7x}{(x^2-16)^{1/2} (9-x^2)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

i) $7x = 0 \rightarrow x = 0$ ~~$x = 0$~~

$(\pm 4, 0)$, ~~$(0, 0)$~~

ii) $\frac{dy}{dx} \text{ DNE} \rightarrow x = \pm 4$, ~~$x = \pm 4$~~

iii) NONE

5. Find the zeros, domain, and End Behavior $y = -\sqrt{2x^3 - 3x^2 - 8x + 12}$ on $x \in [-6, 2]$

zeros $(\pm 2, 0)$ $(3/2, 0)$

domain $x \in [-2, 3/2] \cup [2, 2]$

$$x^2(\cancel{2x-3}) - 4(2x-3)$$

y^2	-2	1	0	-0	+
	←				→
x	-2		3/2	2	
	-6			2	

Left End Behavior ~~None~~ NONE

Right End Behavior ~~None~~ NONE

6. Extreme points of $y = -\sqrt{2x^3 - 3x^2 - 8x + 12}$ on $x \in [-6, 2]$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{2} (2x^3 - 3x^2 - 8x + 12)^{-1/2} (6x^2 - 6x - 8)$$

$$= \frac{3x^2 - 3x - 4}{(2x^3 - 3x^2 - 8x + 12)^{1/2}}$$

i) $3x^2 - 3x - 4 = 0 \rightarrow$

$$x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(3)(-4)}}{2(3)} = \begin{cases} 1.758 \\ -0.758 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (\pm 2, 0) \\ & (3/2, 0) \\ & (\cancel{1.758}, \dots) \\ & (-0.758, -3.933) \end{aligned}$$

ii) $x = \pm 2, 3/2$

iii) $x = -6, 2$

BUT -6 IS NOT IN THE DOMAIN

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Radical Test

CALCULATOR NOT ALLOWED

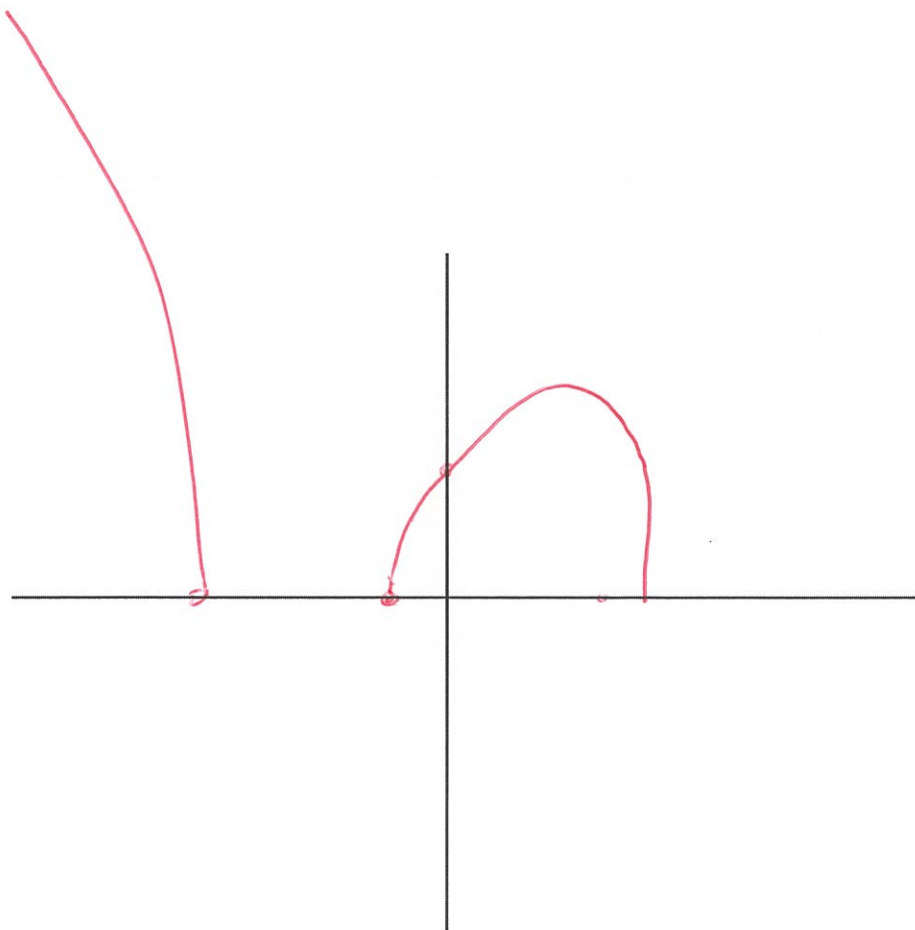
Show all work.

Score _____

7. Find the traits and **sketch** of $y = \sqrt{-2x^3 - x^2 + 4x + 2}$.

Domain: $x \in (-\infty, -\sqrt{2}] \cup [-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}]$ Range: $y \in [0, \infty)$

Y-Int: $(0, \sqrt{2})$ Zeros: $(\pm\sqrt{2}, 0)$ $(-\frac{1}{2}, 0)$



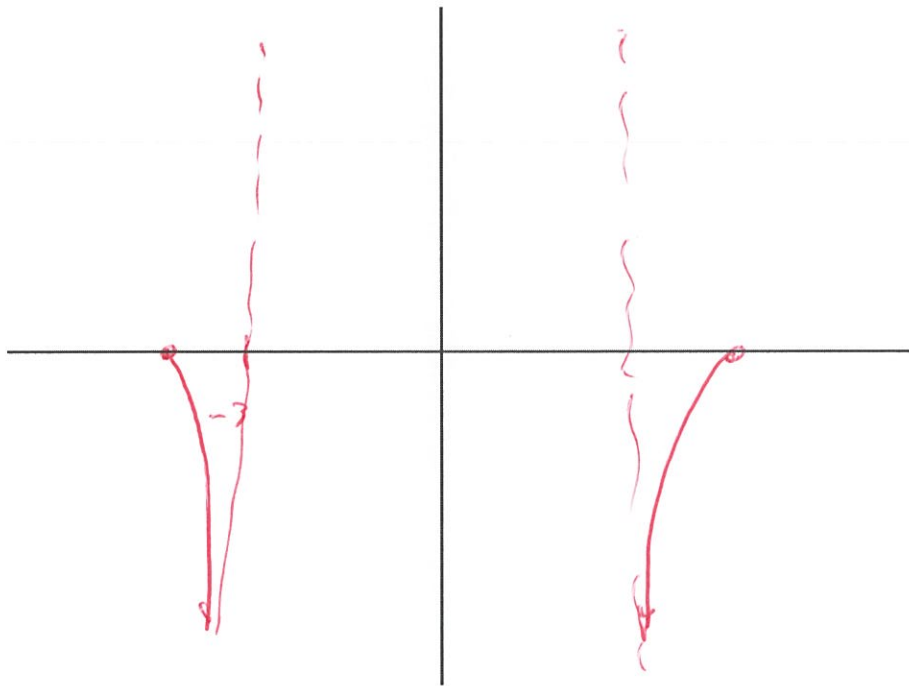
8. Find the traits and **sketch** of $y = -\sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 16}{9 - x^2}}$.

Domain: SEE #3

Range: $y \in (-\infty, 0]$

Y-Int: ~~IS~~ NONE

Zeros: SEE #4



9. Find the traits and **sketch** of $y = -\sqrt{2x^3 - 3x^2 - 8x + 12}$ on $x \in [-6, 2]$

Domain: $x \in [-2, 3/2] \cup \{2\}$

Range: $y \in [-3.933, 0]$

Y-Int: $(0, -\sqrt{12})$

Zeros: $(-2, 0)$ $(3/2, 0)$

