

1. Find the equation of the line thru $(-3, 6)$ and $(-7, -1)$.

$$m = \frac{6 - (-1)}{-3 - (-7)} = \frac{7}{4} \quad y - 6 = \frac{7}{4}(x + 3)$$

2. Show the sign patterns for

$$y = -4x(2x-5)^6(x-5)^3$$

$$y = (x-4)(x+3)^2(x+1)$$

3. Find the zeros of $y = -3x^4 - 11x^3 + 32x^2 + 44x - 80$ by calculator and prove it by synthetic division.

$$\begin{array}{r} -2 | -3 & -11 & 32 & 44 & -80 \\ & 6 & 10 & -84 & 80 \\ \hline & -3 & -5 & 42 & -40 \end{array}$$

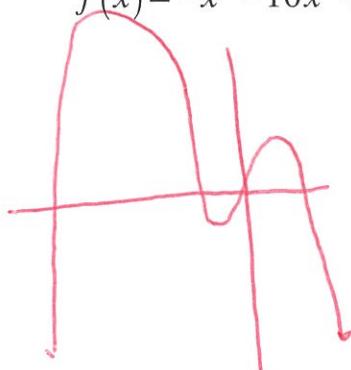
$$\begin{array}{r} 2 | -3 & -5 & 42 & -40 \\ & -6 & -22 & 40 \\ \hline & -3 & -11 & 20 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$(x-2)(x+2)(-3x^2 - 11x + 20)$$

$$(x-2)(x+2)(-3x+4)(x+5)$$

$(-2, 0)$
 $(2, 0)$
 $(-5, 0)$
 $(+4/3, 0)$

4. Use your graphing calculator to find **and sketch** a complete graph of $f(x) = -x^4 - 10x^3 + 5x^2 + 12x + 1$, draw it, and state the window used.



$$x \in [-15, 4.7]$$

$$y \in [-100, 1300]$$

$$\text{Zeros: } (-10.371, 0), (1.306, 0), (-.848, 0), (-.087, 0)$$

$$\text{Extremes: } (-7.772, 1255.712), (-0.5, -2.563), (.772, 8.288)$$

5. Use your graphing calculator to find the zeros and the extremes of $f(x) = -x^4 - 10x^3 + 5x^2 + 12x + 1$.

6. Find an inequality that has this sign pattern and solution:

$$\begin{array}{c} f(x) \\ x \end{array} \leftarrow \begin{array}{ccccccc} + & 0 & - & 0 & + & 0 & - \\ -4 & & -1.5 & & 3 & & \end{array} \text{ and } x \in [-4, -1.5] \cup [3, \infty)$$

$$-(x+4)(x+1.5)(x-3) \leq 0$$

7. Given this sign pattern $\begin{array}{c} f(x) \\ x \end{array} \leftarrow \begin{array}{ccccccc} + & 0 & - & 0 & - & 0 & + \\ -6 & & -1 & & 2 & & \end{array}$, what might be the equation of $f(x)$?

$$f(x) = + (x+6)(x+1)^2(x-2)$$

8. Show the sign pattern and solve $-3x^4 - 11x^3 + 32x^2 + 44x - 80 < 0$. (Note: This is the polynomial from #3 above)

$$(x-2)(x+2)(-3x+4)(x+5) \leq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c} y \\ x \end{array} \leftarrow \begin{array}{ccccccc} - & 0 & + & - & 0 & + & 0 \\ -5 & & -2 & & 4/3 & & 2 \end{array}$$

$$x \in (-\infty, -5) \cup (-2, 4/3) \cup (2, \infty)$$

9. Show the sign pattern and solve $4x^3 - 3x^2 - 36x + 27 \geq 0$

$$x^2(4x-3) - 9(4x-3) \geq 0$$

$$(x^2 - 9)(4x - 3) \geq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c} Y \\ \hline x \\ -3 \quad 3/4 \quad 3 \end{array}$$

- + 0 - +

$$x \in [-3, 3/4] \cup [3, \infty)$$

10. Factor:

a) $y = x^4 - 2x^2 - 8$

$$y = (x^2 - 4)(x^2 + 2)$$

$$y = (x-2)(x+2)(x^2 + 2)$$

b) $y = 3x^3 - 9x^2 - 4x + 12$

$$y = 3x^2(x-3) - 4(x-3)$$

$$y = (3x^2 - 4)(x-3)$$

$$y = (\sqrt{3}x - 2)(\sqrt{3}x + 2)(x-3)$$