

PreCalculus Acc '19-20  
 Dr. Quattrin  
 Rational Test  
 CALCULATOR ALLOWED  
 Round to 3 decimal places.  
 Show all work.

Name: Sawton Key

Score \_\_\_\_\_

1. Find the zeros, VAs, and POEs of  $y = \frac{3x^2 - 7x + 2}{3x^3 - x^2 + 12x - 4}$  on  $x \in [-4, \infty)$ .

Show the supporting algebraic work.

Zeros:  $(2, 0)$

$$y = \frac{(3x-1)(x-2)}{(3x-1)(x^2+4)}$$

VAs: NONE

POE:  $(1/3, -15/32)$  or  $(1/3, -0.468)$

2. Find the extreme points of  $y = \frac{3x^2 - 7x + 2}{3x^3 - x^2 + 12x - 4}$  on  $x \in [-4, \infty)$ . Show the derivative and algebra to support the critical values.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \left[ \frac{x-2}{x^2+4} \right] = \frac{(x^2+4)(1) - (x-2)(2x)}{(x^2+4)^2} = \frac{-x^2 + 4x + 4}{(x^2+4)^2}$$

$$i) x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{32}}{-2} = \begin{cases} 4.828 \\ -0.828 \end{cases} \quad \begin{matrix} (4.828, 0.03) \\ (-0.828, -0.634) \end{matrix}$$

$$ii) x^2 + 4 = 0 \rightarrow \text{NO SOLUTION}$$

$$iii) x = -4 \quad (-4, -0.3)$$

3. Find the equations of the lines tangent to and normal to  $y = \frac{4x^2 - 13x + 10}{-4x^2 + x + 14}$  at  $x = 0$ ?

Tangent:  $y - \frac{5}{7} = -\frac{48}{49}(x - 0)$

Normal:  $y - \frac{5}{7} = \frac{49}{48}(x - 0)$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(4x+7)(-4) - (5-4x)(-4)}{(4x+7)^2} \\ &= \frac{-28 - 20}{7^2} = \frac{-48}{49} \end{aligned}$$

4. Find the zeros, VAs, POEs and EB of  $y = \frac{-4x^3 + x^2 + 16x - 4}{4x^3 - x^2 - 36x + 9}$ . Show the supporting algebraic work.

Zeros:  $(\pm 2, 0)$

VAs:  $x = \pm 3$

POE:  $(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{63}{43})$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{-x^2(4x-1) + 4(4x-1)}{x^2(4x-1) - 9(4x-1)} \\ &\approx \frac{4-x^2}{x^2-9} \end{aligned}$$

5. Find the extreme points of  $y = \frac{-4x^3 + x^2 + 16x - 4}{4x^3 - x^2 - 36x + 9}$ . Show the derivative and algebra to support the critical values.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x^2 - 9)(-2x) - (4 - x^2)(2x)}{(x^2 - 9)^2}$$

$$= \frac{10x}{(x^2 - 9)^2}$$

i)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \rightarrow x = 0$

$$(0, -4/9)$$

ii)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \text{DNE} \rightarrow x = \pm 3$

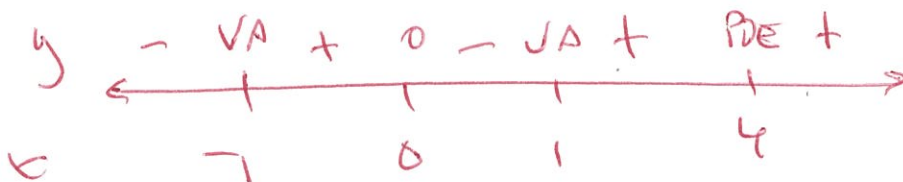
iii) END POINTS

6. Write an equation of a rational function that has  $x$ -intercepts at  $(5, 0)$  and  $(-6, 0)$ , VA at  $x = 3$  and  $x = 1$ , a POE at  $x = -1$ , and a HA at  $y = \frac{3}{4}$ .

$$y = \frac{3(x-5)(x+6)(x+1)}{4(x-3)(x-1)(x+1)}$$

7. Show the sign pattern and solve  $\frac{4x^2 - 16x}{x^3 - 4x^2 - x + 4} > 0$ .

$$\frac{4x(x-4)}{(x^2-1)(x-4)}$$



$$x \in (-1, 0] \cup (1, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$$

8. Find the traits and sketch  $y = \frac{3x^2 - 7x + 2}{3x^3 - x^2 + 12x - 4}$ .

Domain:  $x \in [-4, 1/3) \cup (1/3, \infty)$   
 $x \neq 1/3$

Y-Intercept:  $(0, -1/2)$

Zeros:  $(2, 0)$

Range:  $y \in [-.634, .103]$

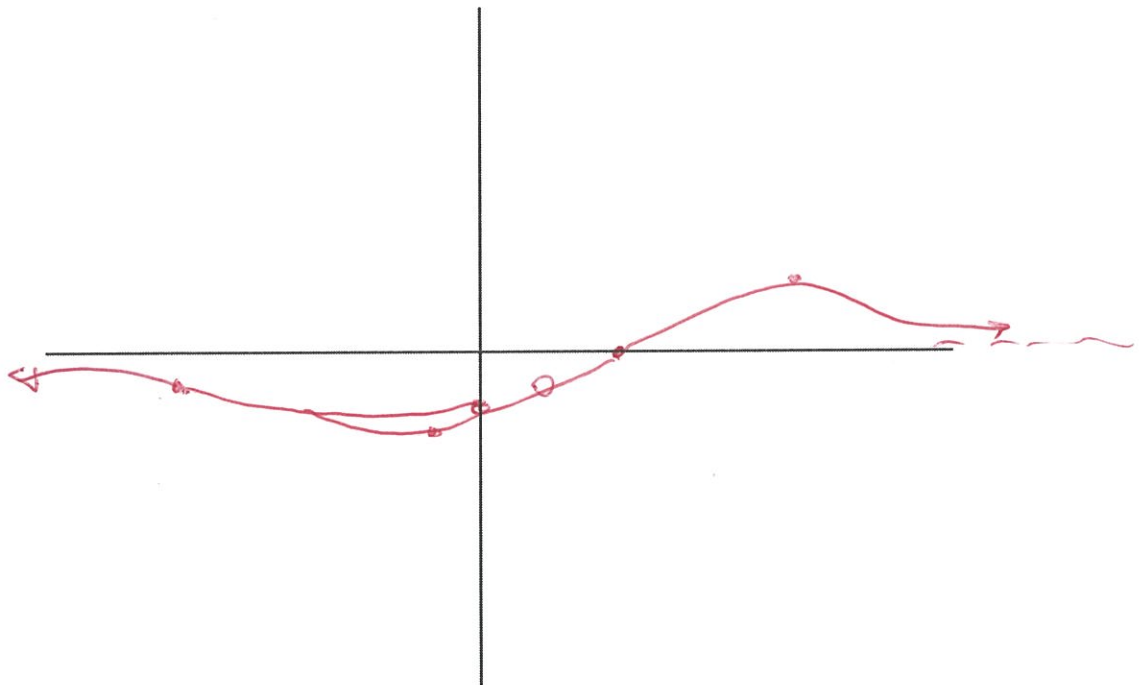
VAs: NONE

POEs:  $(1/3, -15/37)$

End Behavior (left): NONE

End Behavior (right):  $y = 0$

Extreme Points:  $(4.828, .103)$ ,  $(-2.311, -.634)$



9. Find the traits and **sketch** of  $y = \frac{-4x^3 + x^2 + 16x - 4}{4x^3 - x^2 - 36x + 9}$  on  $x \in [-4, \infty)$ .

Domain:  $x \in [-4, \infty)$  BUT  $x \neq 3, 1/4$  Y-Intercept:  $(0, -4/9)$

Zeros:  $(\pm 2, 0)$

Range:  $y \in (-\infty, -1) \cup [-4/9, \infty)$

VAs:  $x = \pm 3$

POEs:  $(1/4, \dots)$

End Behavior (left): NONE

End Behavior (right):  $y = -1$

Extreme Points:  $(0, -4/9)$   $(-4, -12/7)$

