

PreCalculus '14-15
Dr. Quattrin
Rational Test Form A
CALCULATOR ALLOWED
Round to 3 decimal places.
Show all work.

Name: SOLUTION KEY

Score _____

1. Find the zeros and VAs of $y = \frac{4x^2 - 16x}{x^3 - 4x^2 + x - 4}$. Show the supporting algebraic work.

Zeros: $(0, 0)$

$$\frac{4x(x-4)}{(x^2+1)(x-4)}$$

VAs: NONE

POE: $(4, \frac{16}{17})$

2. Find the extreme points of $y = \frac{4x^2 - 16x}{x^3 - 4x^2 + x - 4}$. Show the derivative and algebra to support the critical values.

$$y \approx \frac{4x}{x^2+1}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x^2+1)(4) - (4x)(2x)}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$(1, 2)$
 $(-1, -2)$

$$\frac{-4x^2 + 4}{(x^2+1)^2} = 0$$

$$x^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$x = \pm 1$$

3. Find the equations of the lines tangent to and normal to $y = \frac{2x^2 - x - 3}{3 + 2x - x^2}$ at $x = 0$?

Tangent:

$$y + 1 = \frac{1}{9}(x - 0)$$

Normal: $y + 1 = -9(x - 0)$

$$y(0) = \frac{-3}{3} = -1$$

$$= \frac{(2x-3)(x+1)}{-(x-3)(x+1)}$$

$$\approx \frac{2x-3}{-x+3}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(-x+3)(2) - (2x-3)(-1)}{(-x+3)^2}$$

$$m = \frac{(3)(2) - (-3)(-1)}{(3)^2} = \frac{1}{9}$$

4. Find the zeros, VAs, POEs and HA of $y = \frac{16 - x^2}{x^2 - 25}$. Show the supporting algebraic work.

Zeros: $(\pm 4, 0)$

$$= \frac{(4-x)(4+x)}{(x-5)(x+5)}$$

VAs: $x = \pm 5$

HA: $y = -1$

POE: NONE

5. Find the extreme points of $y = \frac{16-x^2}{x^2-25}$. Show the derivative and algebra to support the critical values.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x^2-25)(-2x) - (16-x^2)(2x)}{(x^2-25)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-2x^3 + 50x - 32x + 2x^3}{(x^2-25)^2}$$

$$\frac{16x}{(x^2-25)^2} = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$y = \frac{-16}{25}$$

PreCalculus '14-15

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Rational Test—CALCULATOR NOT ALLOWED

Show all work.

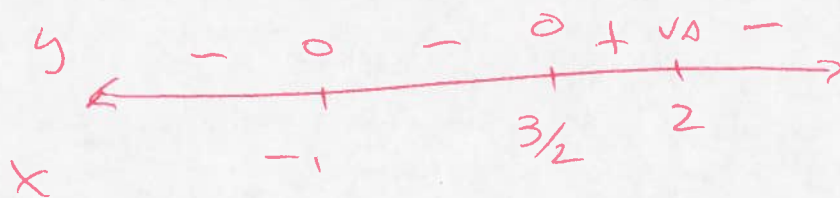
Score _____

6. Write an equation of a rational function that has x -intercepts at $(-2, 0)$, VA at $x = 4$, a POE at $x = -3$, and a HA at $y = \frac{3}{7}$.

$$y = \frac{3(x+2)(x+3)}{7(x-4)(x+3)}$$

7. Show the sign pattern and solve $\frac{2x^2 - x - 3}{3 + 2x - x^2} \leq 0$.

$$\frac{(2x-3)(x+1)}{-(x-2)(x+1)} \leq 0$$



$$x \in (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, \frac{3}{2}] \cup (2, \infty)$$

8. Find the traits and sketch $y = \frac{16-x^2}{x^2-25}$.

Domain: $x \neq \pm 5$

Range: $y \in (-\infty, -1) \cup [-\frac{16}{25}, \infty)$

Y-Intercept: $(0, -\frac{16}{25})$

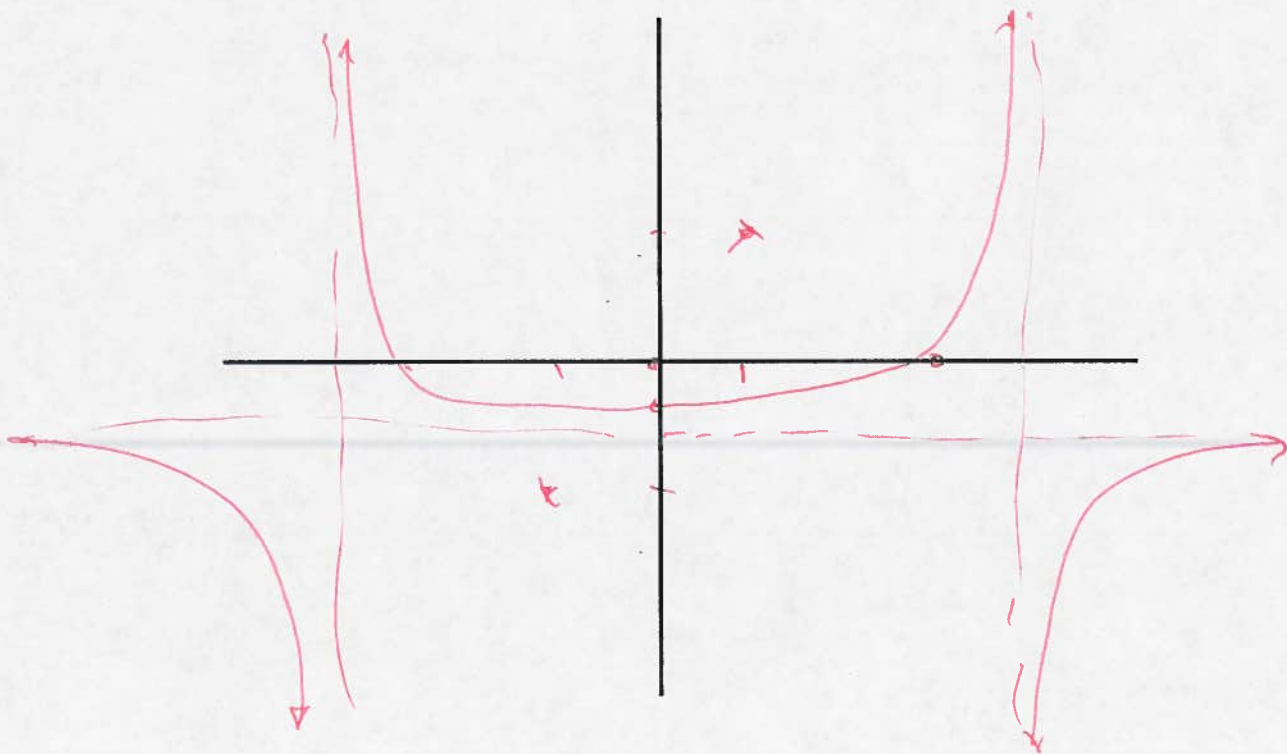
End Behavior: $y = -1$

Zeros: $(\pm 4, 0)$

Extreme Points: ~~$(\pm 2, \frac{16}{9})$~~ $(0, -\frac{16}{25})$

VAs: $x = \pm 5$

POE: NONE



9. Find the traits and sketch of $y = \frac{4x^2 - 16x}{x^3 - 4x^2 + x - 4}$.

Domain: $x \neq 4$

Y-Intercept: $(0, 0)$

Zeros: $(0, 0)$

Range: $y \in [-2, 2]$

VAs: NONE

End Behavior: $y = 0$

POEs: $(4, 16/17)$

Extreme Points: $(1, 2)$ $(-1, -2)$

