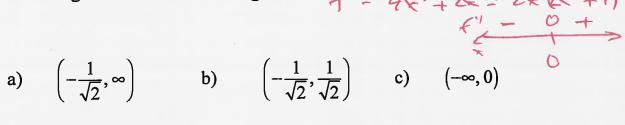
Directions: Round to 3 decimal places. Show all work.

The function f is given by  $f(x) = x^4 + x^2 - 2$ . On which of the 1. following intervals is f increasing? f= 4x3+2x=2x(x2+1)



- (d)  $(0, \infty)$  e)  $\left(-\infty, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$
- What is the area of the largest rectangle with lower base on the x -2. axis and upper vertices on the curve  $y=12-x^2$ ?
- a)
- b)

- c) 16 d)



= 2xy  $A = 2x(12-x^2) = 24x - 2x^3$ 

$$\frac{dA}{de} = 2u - 6x^2 = 0$$

$$k = \pm 2$$

The derivative of f is given by  $f'(x) = e^x(-x^3 + 3x)$  for 0 < x < 5. at value of x does f(x) have a local minimum 03.

At what value of x does f(x) have a local minimum?

- a)
- (b) 0.618
- c)

- d)
- e) For no value of x
- Find the equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $y = 7x x^2$  at the point where f'(x) = 31127-20-23

a) 
$$y = 5x - 10$$

c) 
$$y = 3x + 8$$

y=3x+4

d) 
$$y = 3x - 10$$

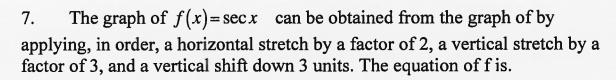
e) 
$$y = 3x - 16$$

5. Find all the solutions to 
$$\csc x = 2.4$$
  $\times = 5$ 

- $x = .429 \pm 2\pi n$ a)
- $x = 2.712 \pm 2\pi n$ b)
- $x = 1.414 \pm 2\pi n$
- d)  $x = .429 \pm 2\pi n$  and  $x = 1.414 \pm 2\pi n$
- $x = .429 \pm 2\pi n$  and  $x = 2.712 \pm 2\pi n$

6. 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{5x^4 + 8x^2}{3x^4 - 16x^2} = \lim_{x \to 0} \sqrt{\frac{2(5x^2 + 8)}{2(3x^2 - 16)}} = \frac{8}{-16}$$

- $-\frac{1}{2}$  b) 0 c) 1 d)  $\frac{5}{3}$  e)
- dne



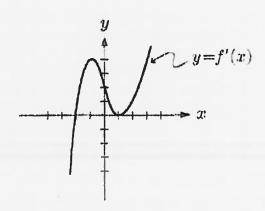
a) 
$$f(x) = -3 + 3\sec 2x$$

$$f(x) = -3 + 3\sec\frac{x}{2}$$

$$f(x) = 3 - 3\sec 2x$$

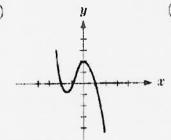
$$f(x) = 3 - 3\sec\frac{x}{2}$$

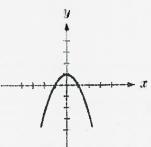
- e) None of the above
- 8. The amplitude of the graph of  $y = 3 + 2\cos(x \pi)$
- a)  $\pi/2$
- b) π
- (c)
- d) 3
  - e)
- $2\pi$



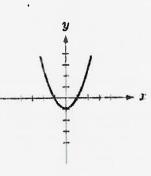
The graph of the derivative of f is shown above. Which of the following could be the graph of f?

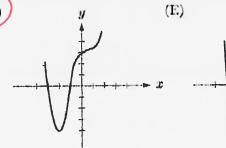
(A)

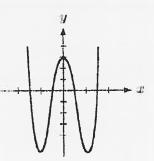




(C)







f is Cubic so f is 4.

AT X=1, f' HOS A
"BOUNCER" SO F WAS A POLIBUT NOT ANEXTREME

- Let  $\theta$  be the acute angle in standard position. If  $\sin \theta = \frac{7}{15}$ , then y =7 , r=15  $\tan \theta =$
- (b)  $\frac{7\sqrt{11}}{44}$  (c)  $\frac{15\sqrt{11}}{44}$   $\times = \sqrt{176}$ 
  - d)  $\frac{4\sqrt{11}}{15}$  e)  $\frac{4\sqrt{11}}{7}$
- 11.
- a.
  - d. (4,-16) only e. (0,0) and (2,4)
- What is the period of  $y = \sin(6x)$ ? 12.
- b)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  b)  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$  c)  $2\pi$  d)  $6\pi$  e)  $12\pi$

## PreCalc Honors 15 -16

Name

Fall Final

CALCULATOR ALLOWED Score\_\_\_\_

1. Solve 
$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - x\right) + 1 = \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$
 exactly for  $x \in [0, 4\pi]$ 

SINT COS X - COST SINC +1 = SINX COST + COSXSINT 3

[3 COSX + 1 SINX +1 = 1 SINX + 13 COSX

1 = SINX

$$X = \frac{1}{2} \pm 2\pi$$

$$X = \frac{1}{2} \pm 2\pi$$

2. 
$$D_{x} \left[ 8x^{7} - 3x^{2} + \frac{1}{x^{7}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt[9]{x^{4}}} + \pi^{4} \right]$$

$$= 56x^{6} - 6x - 7x^{-8} + \frac{8}{9}x^{-\frac{13}{4}}$$

3. Homer Simpson has accidentally stolen a nuclear submarine. If he travels at 27 miles on a bearing of 18°, then turns and goes 57 miles at a bearing of 85°, and finally travels 300 miles at 270°, what is his total displacement and direction?

4a. Find the zeros, algebraically, of  $y = x^4 - 5x^3 - 15x^2 + 45x + 54$ .

4b. Find the extreme points, graphically, of  $y = x^4 - 5x^3 - 15x^2 + 45x + 54$ . Show the derivative before using your calculator.

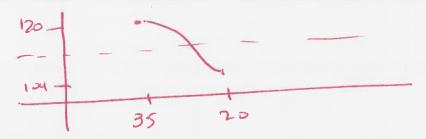
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4x^3 - 15x^2 - 30x + 45$$

$$(-2.155, -41.029)$$

$$(1.083, 80.166)$$

$$(4.822, -92.743)$$

- 5. Researchers find an extra-terrestrial being. In studying it, they find that its body temperature varies sinusoidally with time. 35 minutes after they start timing, the temperature is at its highest, which is 120°C. 20 minutes after it has reached its maximum, the temperature hits it minimum, which is 104°C.
- (a) Sketch a graph of the temperature as a function of time.



(b) Write a sinusoidal equation that describes the temperature y in terms of t.

(c) What was the temperature when they started timing?

(d) What are the first three times that the temperature is 111°C?

$$III = 112 + 8\cos \frac{\pi}{20} (t - 35)$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} = \cos \frac{\pi}{20} (t - 35)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{20} (t - 35) = \begin{cases} 1.696 \pm 2\pi n \\ -1.696 \pm 2\pi n \end{cases}$$

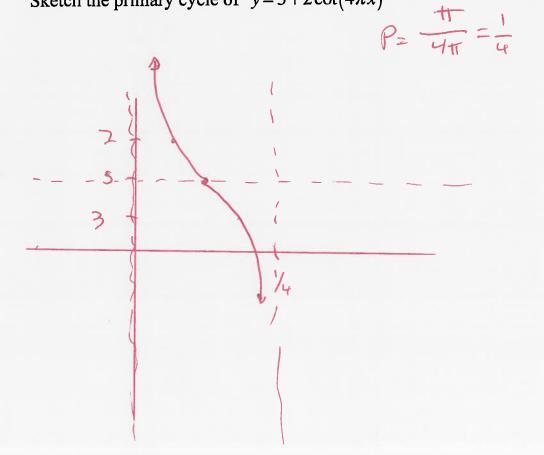
$$t - 35 = \begin{cases} 10.798 \pm 40n \\ -6.798 \pm 40n \end{cases}$$

$$t = \begin{cases} 245.798 \pm 40n \\ 24.200 \pm 40n \end{cases}$$

t=5,798, 24,202, 45,798

6. Find an inequality that has this sign pattern and solution:

7. Sketch the primary cycle of  $y = 5 + 2\cot(4\pi x)$ 



8. Prove 
$$1 + \sin(2x) = \frac{\sec^2 x + 2\sin x \sec x}{1 + \tan^2 x} = \frac{52x + (52c x + 2s \cos x)}{52c x}$$

9. Find the traits and sketch of  $y = x^4 - 5x^3 - 15x^2 + 45x + 54$ .

Domain: ALL REALS

Y-Int: (0,54)

Zeros:  $(\pm 3.5)(-1.0)(6.0)$ 



End Behavior: LEFT UP

Extreme Values:

y = -41.029, 80, 166, -97.743

